We.

665 The thought of a political career is absolutely absent. No one has it, not even the guru.

204 The one local paper, the mission bi-weekly
203 "Bentara" (herald), is received by only one
212 guru in Leloba and two guru in Wailolong. It is read by perhaps ten other individuals in each place. It is very important, as it is the only paper here. The people are now in the habit of asking the guru what is in the paper. Thus the word of mouth is the main vehicle, but the feeble paper is an important item. The only books here are school books and religious books. Adults read only the latter, and not for fun. However, they love stories, and he is sure that a library would be deluged with readers. Literate adults over thirty or forty are rare. Younger people are mostly literate. There is
[207] no radio here at all.

582 There have been no changes in the marriage
593 system to speak of in the last half century.
● 858 Roy says there have been few changes in the family either. I tried to ask if the children
888 are less respectful or obedient now, but he said no. I tried to get this by the religious conflict, but he is adamant that it never split up families. Even here there was never a loss of respect for the elders, even though they were pagans and the children were Christians. And the elders, although their hearts were sick, never tried to force their children to follow them. They were just not violent. There was never a case of disowning. He said a parent would be ashamed forever if he had done so, and indeed it was quite unthinkable. They love children so much that, though they might try to talk with them, if a child remained firm always a child would get its will. The parents would be ashamed of any open or loud conflict. They might have troubled hearts, but that's all. Although they might try reasoning with them, they would go no further.

R

000 children. It is remarkable that there is so
858 much freedom exhibited by the children all over here. They do as they please evidently.

463 Nearly everyone is a farmer here, but to
212 be kepala kampong, kapitan, secretary, or
622 the like, an individual must be literate. There are, however, illiterate kepala kampongs, but they must use a literate mandur to help them with the work. There are no openings for clerical people or the like.

[874] The only seminary here is for priests, and
787 as yet there are no students there from here.
[154] The bisa mari (sorcerers) are not trained. They get their call in dreams. They are about
[156] equally male and female. The dukun also get
[844] their call in dreams. However, the ones who are midwives learn from mothers.

463 There are no specialists at all. The local
438 population must buy even its ironwork elsewhere.
335 They do not even have carpenters here. Anyone can build a house. This place exhibits a very low level in all such things except weaving. They now learn music in school.

873 Many children who are clever and would like to advance in school cannot do this as it costs fl. 10.00 per month for a higher education. There is plenty of heartache here. Perhaps there is not so very much yet, actually.

212 Fifty years ago no one could read or write, not even in the Ende script.

197 One hundred per cent of the people here speak Ende, including the foreigners from Savu and the Chinese. The latter did not speak Ende when they came in, but after a year they could.

Only about one hundred can speak Malay. No one speaks Dutch. The children are starting to learn a bit of Dutch in school now, but this is evidently only in the higher school.

There are no other languages spoken, except of course, Chinese and Savu. They say that they